









One Health approach in "Do It Yourself" stores to tackle fungal contamination

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Introduction





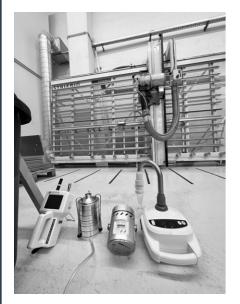
> The DIY (Do-It-Yourself) market refers to the products used in home renovation and repair projects (1)

> The target market for these items is those who want to conduct their home renovations (1)

> SARS-CoV-2 pandemic and issues with the global supply chain didn't stop the sector from growing (2)

> The sector growth resulted from **COVID-19 limitations** that kept many people confined to their houses

Introduction



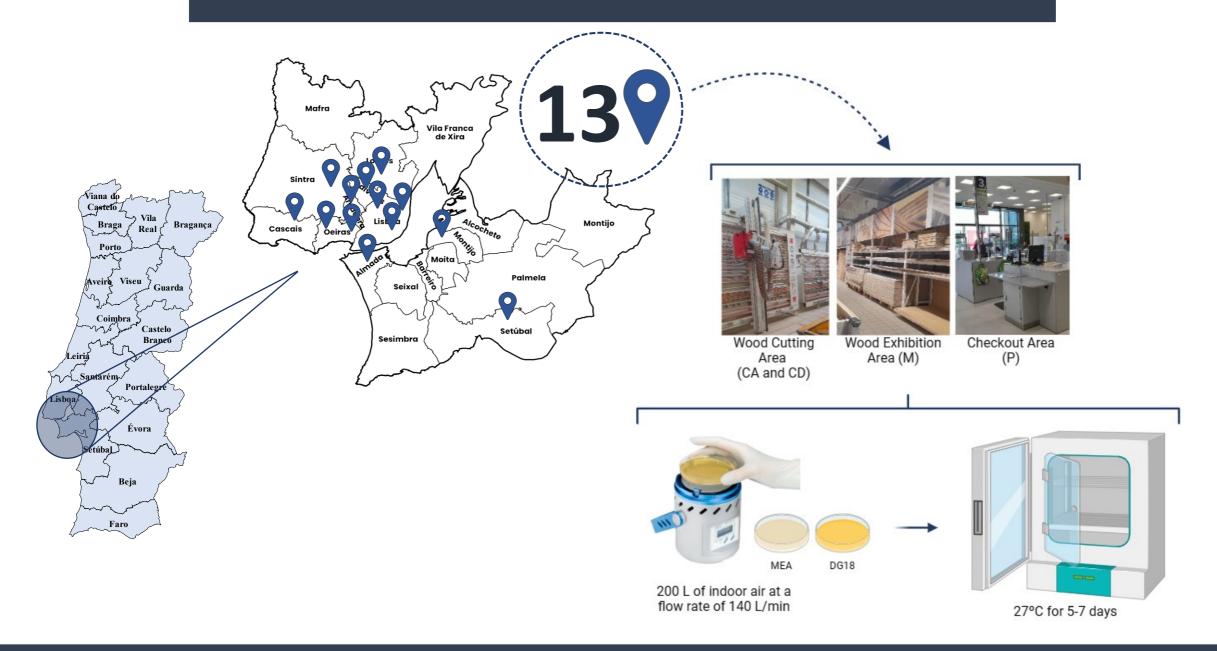


> The sheer number of customers and the items' diverse origins provide a distinct environment (3-5)

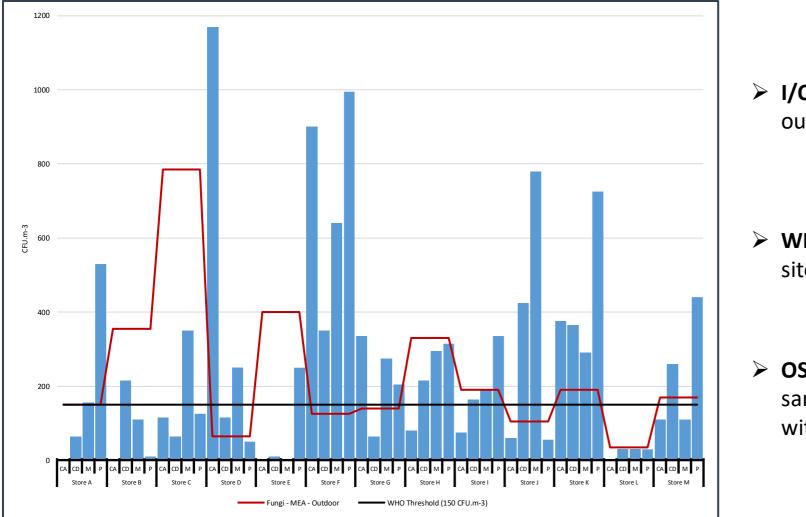
> It is crucial to consider the various exposure scenarios when focusing on microbial contamination

> This study aimed to assess the exposure of woodworking employees and customers to fungal load

Materials and Methods



Results - MEA



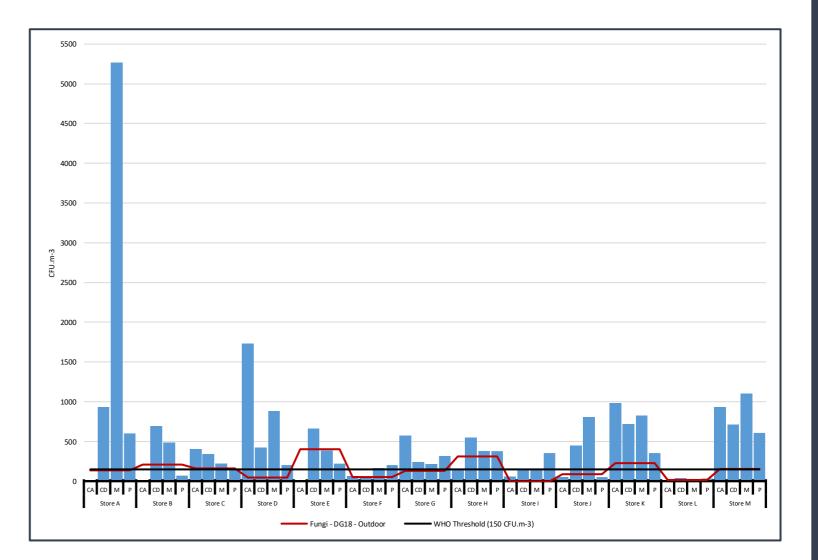
I/O: higher indoor load compared to the outdoor in all sampling sites in two stores

WHO (150 CFU.m⁻³): at least one sampling site surpasses this limit in most stores

OSHA (1.0 x 10¹-1.0 x 10⁴ CFU.m⁻³): all the sampling sites from all the stores are within the limit

Results – DG18

- I/O: higher indoor load compared to the outdoor in five stores in all sampling sites
- WHO (150 CFU.m⁻³): at least one sampling site surpasses this limit in most stores
- OSHA (1.0 x 10¹-1.0 x 10⁴ CFU.m⁻³): all the sampling sites from all the stores are within the limit



Results

Regarding the customers' exposure and applying the Portuguese Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) legal framework (Portaria n.º 138-G/2021, de 1 de julho):

<u>MEA</u>

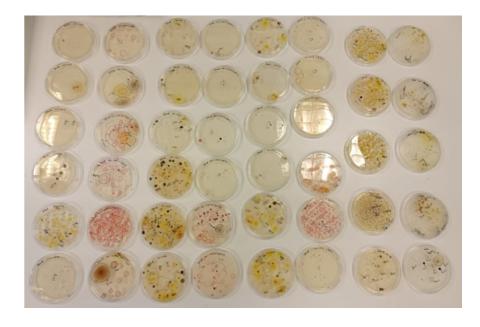
I/O ratio complied in 5 out of 13 stores (38,5%)

> in one of the remaining 8, one toxigenic species with a quantitative cut-off above the legal frame was identified

<u>DG18</u>

I/O did not comply in any store

Additionally: in 6 out of the 13 stores (46,2%), three toxigenic species with a quantitative cut-off above the legal frame were found



Discussion

> There are no occupational exposure limits for microbial agents (6)

Different results on MEA and DG18, highlight the potential of a selective media for fungal load (7)

I/O ratio < 1 is used as guidance and suggests an acceptable indoor environment (8)</p>

I/O ratio results suggest the need to implement measures aiming risk control (8), like in other occupational environments (9)





Discussion





Wood shavings have been frequently used has animals' bedding by the poultry industry (10)

The bedding material is one of the main causes of indoor air microbial contamination in poultry (10)

Increase on animal and occupational research in poultries, reinforcing the One Health strategy (6,10)

Determine priority areas for intervention to reduce microbiological exposure in DIY stores

Main Findings

- > Health concerns regarding workers' and customers 'safety **support the need to prevent exposure**
- > Selective culture media allow us **a more detailed analysis** preventing the overgrowth of some species
- > Wood dust and shavings from DIY stores may be used in animal bedding and agriculture
- > The use of wood shavings in other environments highlight the need for a One Health approach

The novelty of this data is to allow a prioritized intervention by Occupational Health Services aiming an accurate exposure assessment and allowing a more detailed risk assessment and management





















Thank you for your attention!

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