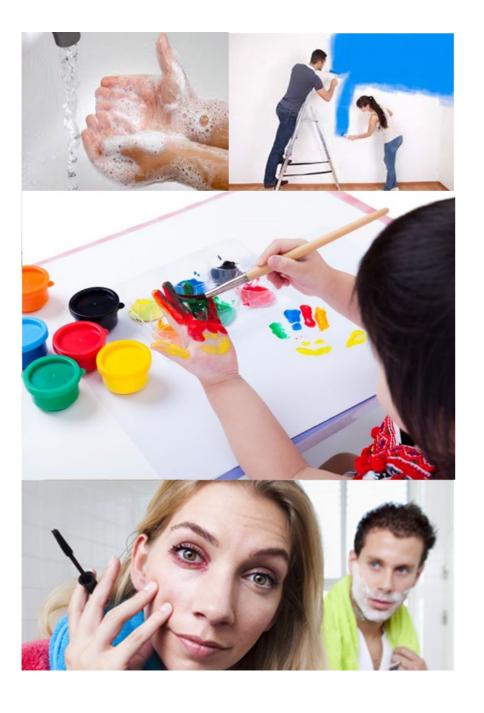




Aggregate exposure to parabens in personal care products and toys

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- Background
- Aim of the study
- > Approach
- Discussion
- Outlook



Background

- > Preservatives
- Personal care products and aqueous toys
- Exposure possible via different products

Focus:

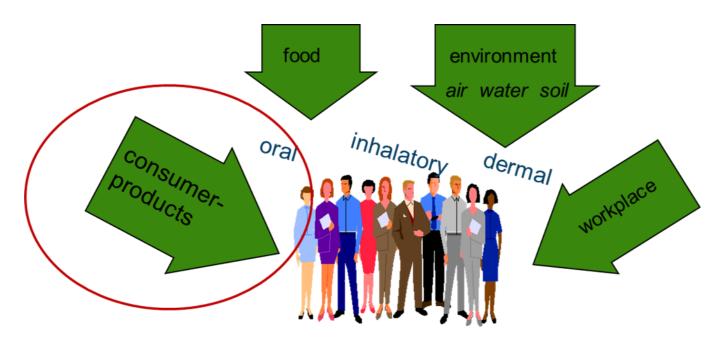
Metylparaben Ethylparaben

Propylparaben Butylparaben



Aim of the study

Estimate the aggregate (internal) exposure to four parabens via various consumer products and multiple routes of exposure for both adults and children.





Approach

- Identification of relevant consumer products
- Gathering concentration data of parabens in those products
- Defining exposure scenarios
- Exposure assessment with PACEM, ConsExpo and ad hoc methods

PACEMweb





Identify products and concentration data

- Measurement data NVWA (Personal communication, 2021):
 - Personal care products (PCP) and toys (2015-2020; n=112)
 - Frequently used PCP (2018; n= 414)
 - Natural PCP (2020; n=65)
 - Toys (slime and putty) (2019; n=51)
- > Literature:
 - Van der Schyff et al., 2022 (n=52)
- Exclusion criteria:
 - Measurements taken before 2015
 - Measurements outside Europe
 - Concentrations below 100 mg/kg



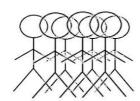




Survey on product use

Probabilistic Aggregate Consumer Exposure Model (PACEM)





Modeled population



Daily personal product use

Products containing substance



Daily exposure population

www.pacemweb.nl



ConsExpo

- Tool for safety assessment of chemicals in consumer products
- Assess the exposure for:
 - Single product
 - Single substance
 - One population
 - Multiple exposure scenarios

www.consexpoweb.nl





Exposure assessment

	PCP	Body paint, face paint, facial mask, eye contour cream	Toys (slime/putty)	Toys (finger paint)
Adults	PACEM	ConsExpo	-	-
Children	ConsExpo#	ConsExpo, if relevant for children	Other*	ConsExpo

[#] Shampoo, shower gel/foam/scrub, toothpaste

Dermal: Ed = $((AFd \times [N] \times t \times Ht \times Harea)/BW) \times F$

Oral: Eo = $((AFo \times [N] \times I)/BW) \times F$

^{*} Calculated according to:





Exposure assessment with PACEM (adults)

Product groups	n (occurrence (%))				
	MeP	EtP	PrP	BuP	
Soaps*	446 (4.9)	441 (1.6)	442 (0.7)	441 (0.23)	
Lotion & creams*	70 (63)	39 (26)	61 (51)	36 (22)	
Hair styling*	5 (80)	3 (67)	3 (33)	-	
Lipstick	5 (20)	-	6 (33)	-	
Liquid foundation	4 (100)	-	3 (100)	-	
Eye pencil	2 (100)	1 (100)	1 (100)	1 (100)	
Eye shadow	5 (100)	2 (100)	5 (100)	1 (100)	
Make up remover	2 (100)	2 (100)	2 (100)	-	
Mascara	9 (78)	5 (20)	8 (63)	3 (33)	
Toothpaste	7 (14)	-	-	-	

^{*} Product were pooled based on assumed similar function of parabens in these products





Exposure assessment with ConsExpo (adults and children)

Product groups	n (occurrence (%))				
	MeP	EtP	PrP	BuP	
Body paint	1 (100)	-	1 (100)	-	
Facial mask pack	7 (86)	3 (67)	5 (80)	3 (67)	
Face paint	2 (100)	-	-	-	
Eye contour cream	2 (100)	-	2 (100)	-	
Shampoo	446 (4.9)	441 (1.6)	442 (0.68)	441 (0.23)	
Shower gel/foam/scrub	446 (4.9)	441 (1.6)	442 (0.68)	441 (0.23)	
Toothpaste	7 (14)	-	_	-	
Finger paint	5 (60)	-	3 (33)	-	



Products estimated with ad hoc method

Children

- Putty
- Toy-slime

Dermal exposure:

$$E_{d} = \frac{AFd \times [N] \times t \times Ht \times Harea}{BW} \times F$$

with:

E_d dermal exposure (mg/kg bw/day)

Af_d dermal absorption fraction (-)

[N] concentration of substance (mg/kg)

t exposure time (min/event)

H_t skin adhesion rate (kg/min/cm²)

H_{area} skin contact area (cm²)

BW body weight (kg)

F frequency (events/day)

Oral exposure: $E_o = \frac{AFo \times [N] \times I}{BW} \times F$

with:

E_o oral exposure (mg/kg bw/day)

AF_o oral absorption fraction (-)

[N] concentration of substance (mg/kg)

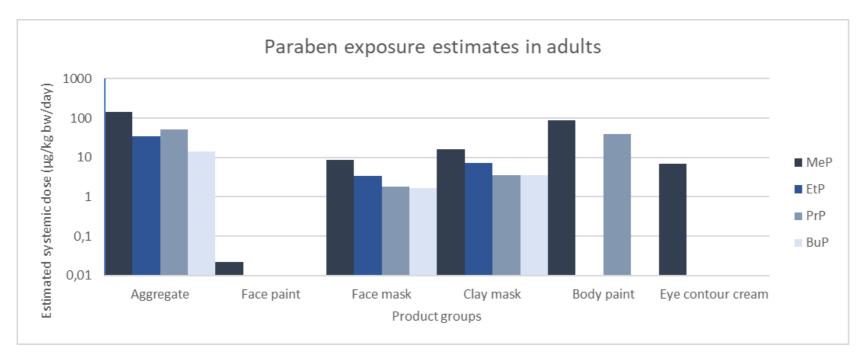
I intake (kg/day)

BW body weight (kg)

F frequency (events/day)



Result (adults)

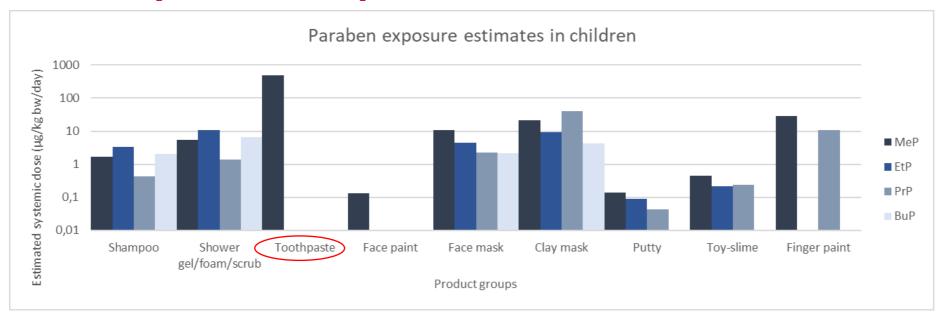


MeP > EtP, PrP and BuP

Visualization of the exposure estimations (95th percentiles) for adults expressed as total average systemic exposure (μ g/kg bw/day) via various product groups.



Result (children)



Visualization of the exposure estimations (95th percentiles) for children expressed as total average systemic exposure (µg/kg bw/day) via various product groups.



Discussion

- Adults
 - Aggregate exposure (PACEM): MeP > EtP, PrP and BuP
 - Single products (ConsExpo): Body paint highest exposure
 - Contribution of the single products is likely to have a relatively minor contribution to the aggregate exposure
- Children
 - Toothpaste highest exposure
- Comparison with literature
 - Lower exposure than previous estimations







Discussion

Uncertainty in input parameters

- The occurrence and concentration of parabens in products
- Exposure and absorption fraction
- Frequency and amount of the product used
- Cumulative exposure to multiple parabens

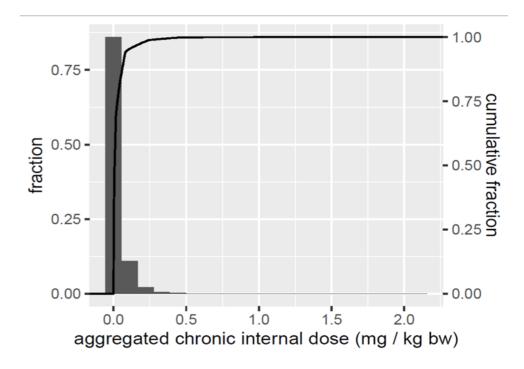


shampoo



Next steps

- Combine the output of different exposure models (PACEM/ConsExpo)
- Survey on PCP use among children



Distribution of the year averaged aggregated dermal dose in mg/kg bw per day for exposed women



Thank you for your attention!



National Institute for Public Health and the Environment

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